

WHAT IF?

...WE FAIL TO RESPOND

MORE THAN 7 MILLION SEVERELY FOOD INSECURE PEOPLE WILL RISK STARVATION



Over 14 million Yemenis – more than half of the population – don't know where their next meal will come from. Early results from a major assessment indicate that more than 17 million Yemenis are food insecure, including 7.3 million who are severely food insecure. Millions risk starvation without urgent assistance.

MORE THAN 8 MILLION PEOPLE WILL LACK ACCESS TO DRINKING WATER AND SANITATION



Without assistance, more than 8 million people will be unable to meet their basic WASH needs. Failing water and sanitation systems will increase the risks of a public health crisis, potentially worsening recent outbreaks of cholera, dengue and scabies, as well as further aggravating already dire rates of malnutrition.

HEALTH SERVICES WILL DECLINE EVEN FURTHER, LEADING TO LARGE INCREASES IN MORTALITY



Without immediate support, health service availability will decline sharply, translating into excessive mortality – particularly for children under 5 and mothers. Vaccination coverage will decline substantially across the country. Major disease outbreaks could occur and would see excessive mortality among malnourished children. These outbreaks could cross borders and include polio. Trauma mortality will also increase.

NEARLY 1.2 MILLION MALNOURISHED CHILDREN WILL FACE GREATER RISK OF DEATH



Partners aim to treat 323,000 severely acutely malnourished children and 871,000 moderately acutely malnourished children this year. Without immediate treatment, severely acutely malnourished children are ten times likelier to die than their healthy peers. Moderately acutely malnourished children are three times likelier to die. In non-fatal cases, malnutrition threatens to permanently stunt affected children's cognitive and physical development, robbing them of their full potential.

MILLIONS OF PEOPLE WILL FACE GRAVE THREATS TO THEIR BASIC RIGHTS WITH NO SUPPORT



Urgent support is needed to promote protection of civilians and support survivors of violations. Since mid-March 2015, nearly 48,000 people have been killed or injured in the conflict – an average of 73 every day. More than 8,000 cases of gender-based violence were reported from January to September 2016, and nearly 1,300 children were verified to have been recruited by armed groups during the same period.

LANDMINES AND OTHER EXPLOSIVES WILL THREATEN LIVES AND DELAY ASSISTANCE



Without rapid mine action, residents and displaced people in contaminated areas of 15 governorates will face serious threats to their lives and assets. Identifying and clearing contamination of landmines and other explosives is essential to ensuring a safe humanitarian response and jumpstarting communities' early recovery.